

Sound in digital cinema could be divided in two parts :

- **Main Sound** : Introduced at the very beginning of the SMPTE standards and DCI specifications.
- **Immersive Sound (OBAE / IAB)** : standardized since 2010 and enhanced though the late 2010s

MAIN SOUND : SOUND ESSENCE

The **Main Sound** was introduced in DCI specifications and SMPTE standards since the beginning.

Under the CPL tag named **MainSound**, you have an MXF that includes up to 16 channels of data ¹ with the possibility of [dispatching](#).

You always encounter this type of Sound MXF alongside an Picture MXF.

SUMMARY OF TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Encoding	PCM WAVE/RIFF ² uncompressed and interlaced channels
Sample Bitdepth	24 bits / sample
Sample Rate	48 kHz or 96 kHz
Maximum Channels	16 channels
Minimal Bandwidth ³	19 Mb/s (48 kHz) 37 Mb/s (96 kHz)

You will find this informations about the [CPL MainSound](#) and [MXF MainSound](#) in their respective chapters.

IMMERSIVE SOUND : OBJECT-BASED AUDIO ESSENCE (OBAE)

The **Immersive Sound** was introduced in the early 2010s ⁴, under the name **Object-Based Audio Essence (OBAE)** and is based on the SMPTE standards **Immersive Audio Bitstream (IAB)**.

Under the CPL tag named **AuxData**, you have an MXF that includes additional sounds elements based on the standard **Immersive Audio Bitstream (IAB)**. It's from the IAB standards that we have **Dolby Atmos**, **DTS-X**, and **Barco-Auro**.

You will sometimes encounter this type of **IAB** MXF in addition to MXF Picture and MXF Sound.

The OBAE (or IAB) is a special type of sound asset because it is based on sound objects with a bunch of metadata, including spatialisation and temporal information.

OBAE ? IAB ? Enhanced Audio (EA) ?

It must be complicated to distinguish between **Object-Based Audio Essence (OBAE)**, **Immersive Audio Bitstream (IAB)** and **Enhanced Audio (EA)**:

- **OBAE** is the name used for the immersive audio in DCI specifications that refers to **SMPTE IAB** standards
- **IAB** is the name used in SMPTE standard to describe the concept of immersive sound and its technical aspects
- **EA** is a surname sometimes used by manufacturers to mention the immersive sound in general

See all of these as synonyms, depending on who's speaking. Preferably, use the terms IAB or OBAE.

Notice that we are mainly referring to the **Immersive Audio Bitstream (IAB)** standards. So don't be surprised to find few references to the acronym OBAE, and even fewer to Enhanced Audio (EA).

SUMMARY OF TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

-	Technical capacity	D-Cinema Constraints
Encoding	PCM WAVE ou DLC Encoding	Only DLC
Sample Bitdepth	24 bits by sample	
Sample Rate	48 kHz or 96 kHz	Only 48 kHz
Maximum channels	128 channels	

You will find all information about [Immersive Audio](#) in the respective chapters, including [Dolby Atmos](#) chapter and its [MXF Immersive Audio](#), as well as [Barco Auro](#) and [DTS-X](#) which are also "Immersive Audio".

CHAPTERS RELATED TO SOUND

- [CPL MainSound](#) : Inside the metadata of [CPL](#)
- [MXF Sound Essence](#) : Inside the sound essence in the MXF
- [MXF Sound Essence - Configuration Audio and Multichannel Audio \(MCA\)](#)
- [Immersive Audio Bitstream \(IAB\)](#) : The parent standard of [Dolby Atmos](#), [DTS-X](#) and [Barco Auro](#).
- [Dolby Atmos](#) and inside the [Dolby Atmos MXF](#) (IAB compliant)
- Surprising, [DBOX](#) is related to the sound too (you will know why with this chapter :)

NOTES

1. Of course, I'm talking about data because while the main channels carry useful audio assets for the viewer, there're also technical channels used for synchronization - or data - used by external devices, such as [Dolby Atmos](#) or even [DBOX](#). ↩
2. The DCI specifications and SMPTE standards talk a lot of about BWF (Broadcast Wave Format) which is a kind of evolution of the WAVE format with more metadata. But these metadata aren't used for the audio asset. See the [MXF Sound Essence](#) chapter and especially the notes in footer for more information about the WAVE/BWF format. ↩
3. Few [examples](#) of differents calculations of the audio bandwidth : ↩
 - (Sound Essence) 48 kHz and 16 channels : $16 \text{ channels} * 24 \text{ bits} * 48 \text{ kHz} = 19 \text{ Mb/s}$
 - (Sound Essence) 96 kHz and 16 channels : $16 \text{ channels} * 24 \text{ bits} * 96 \text{ kHz} = 37 \text{ Mb/s}$
 - (Immersive Audio) 48 kHz and 48 channels : $48 \text{ channels} * 24 \text{ bits} * 48 \text{ kHz} = 55.3 \text{ Mb/s}$
 - (Immersive Audio) 96 kHz and 48 channels : $48 \text{ channels} * 24 \text{ bits} * 96 \text{ kHz} = 110.6 \text{ Mb/s}$
4. Integrated into the DCI specifications in 2013. ↩